Moore, J.L. 1999. Norfolk Island bird notes, 1977 to 1997. Notornis 46: 354-364.

- Oliver, W.R.B. 1951. New Zealand birds. 2nd ed. Wellington, A.H. & A.W. Reed.
- Pierce, R.J. 1999. Regional patterns of migration in the banded dotterel (*Charadrius bicinctus bicinctus*). Notornis 46: 101-122.
- Skinner, N.J. 1983. The occurrence of waders at Suva Point, Fiji. *Notornis* 30: 227–232.
- Smart, J.B. 1973. Notes on the occurrence of waders in Fiji. Notornis 18: 267-279.
- Turbott, E.G. (convener). 1990. *Checklist of the birds of New Zealand and the Ross Dependency, Antarctica*. Auckland, Random Century New Zealand Ltd.
- Watling, D. 2001. A guide to the birds of Fiji & western Polynesia. Suva, Fiji, Environmental Consultants (Fiji) Ltd.
- Keywords banded dotterel, Charadrius bicinctus, Vanuatu.

Notornis, 2003, Vol. 50: 235 0029-4470 © The Ornithological Society of New Zealand, Inc. 2003

## SHORT NOTE A longevity record for whitehead *Mohoua albicilla*, Pachycephalidae

## I. SOUTHEY

640 Waiuku Rd., R.D.3, Pukekohe, New Zealand.

## B.J. GILL

Auckland Museum, Private Bag 92018, Auckland, New Zealand.

On 22 January 2001, IS saw a colour-banded whitehead (*Mohoua albicilla*) in the south-west of Little Barrier Island near the main landing site. It was on the flats, about 300 m east of the "Bunkhouse" and about 80 m from the shore. It had a metal band (M) and 3 colour-bands in the combination red/metal (left), red/white (right). The bird was clearly the dominant male of a 3-bird group. It had a bright white head and sang frequently.

Nearly 200 whiteheads were colour-banded between 1984 and 1989 by BJG and co-workers (Gill & McLean 1992). All were marked in the south-west of the island within c. 1 km of the "Bunkhouse". Since then, no other whiteheads have been colour-banded on the island (K. Da Vanzo, N.Z. National Bird Banding Scheme, pers. com.).

The colour-bands used proved to be prone to fading, especially yellow which faded to off-white, so the bird in question may have been either :

(2) Male B-41131, red/metal, red/yellow, banded as a juvenile in March 1985.

The second bird would not have hatched after January 1985. Therefore, the bird seen in January 2001 was at least 16 years and 0 months old. The previous longevity record for this species was 8 years and 7 months (Gill 1993). The yellowhead (*M. ochrocephala*) is also known to reach at least 16 years, in the Eglinton Valley, Fiordland (Dilks 1999).

## LITERATURE CITED

- Dilks, P. 1999. Recovery of a mohua (*Mohoua ochrocephala*) population following predator control in the Eglinton Valley, Fiordland, New Zealand. *Notornis* 46: 323-332.
- Gill, B.J. 1993. Notes on the nesting and longevity of whiteheads. *Notornis* 40: 141-143.
- Gill, B.J.; McLean, I.G. 1992. Population dynamics of the New Zealand whitehead (Pachycephalidae)—a communal breeder. *The Condor* 94: 628-635.
- Keywords Whitehead; *Mohoua albicilla*; Pachycephalidae; New Zealand; banding; longevity

<sup>(1)</sup> Male B-41125, red/metal, red/white, banded as an adult in January 1985.

Received 28 October 2002; accepted 15 July 2003